CITY INTELLIGENCE. TRADE OF PHILADELPHIA.

Annual Report of the Board of Trade-Interesting Statistics Relating to the City. From Mr. A. J. Perkins, the Secretary of the Board of Trade, we have received an advance copy of the annual report of that institution, from which we extract the following statistics in reference to the trade of Philadelphia:—

The Importations of 1868 at the port of Philadelphia are shown in the follow-\$1,904 5,243 67,793 23,896 50,654 13,690 26,673 \$333,409 575,165 2,562,843 Pebruary 2,049,429 2,255,708 1,802,308 1,512,073 788,690 485,201 1,069,593 753,599 936,590 1,102,720 October. 399,151 275,740 32,453 28,010 November December

.814,402,901 \$884,602 \$14,787,503 The following table shows the character of the vessels in which the imports were brought to the city, the months of July and November being given, on the books of the Custom House, in the aggregate Totals ...

THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF	\$2,464,554	Foreign Vensels, \$1,111,336	\$3,575,830
Second Quarter July August September October November	714,923 580,521 381,154	1,787,284 368,436 976,423 497,838	5,113,517 1,512,673 1,083,359 865,994 878,987 399,151
December	144,000	\$4,180,509	313,756
Totals of 10 m'ths Aggregate for the A comparison of	the amou		COLUMN TAXABLE PARTY.

can vessels, as compared with foreign, more than two to one, shows that our navigation is increasing in relative force, and that our ships are gradually recovering their former control of the carrying trade The Petroleum Trade. receipts of petroleum via

Janua Pebru Marel April. May. June. July. Augus	aryary	19,145 21,576 23,585 16,306 28,915 14,885 16,765	tichned, 5616, 56,1939 54,402 55,325 51,187 65,621 49,456 82,537 89,500
			93,510 71,495
	mber nber		97,899
		219,197	845,505

71,400 97,890	ber	2
845,500 219,197	219,197	
640,190 596,831 hiladelphis Gallons, 7,760,144 .12,166,205 .28,605,321 .28,896,160 .40,505,626	at, 1868. 1865. 1866. 1865. 1864. he total exports of petroleum from Philes, in	1 1 1
Refined, 70 to 750, 90 to 650, 27 to 310, 20) (6:22) co 10 to 30 kg c	i, in <i>Crade</i> , 38650c, 70, 38c, 60, 1845c, 27, 1445c, 20	1111

The following table shows the total exports of pe- troleum from the United States during the year
1868:
Total for 1868
From New York. 2018 10,305,03 18 10,305,03 18 10,305,03 18 10,305,03 18 18,56

From New York galls. Boston " Philadelphia. " Baltimore "	618,862 3,703,303 84,777
" Portland	
Total	14,812,879 15,029,634 9,309,209 11,058,568 it.

ductions of the different coal regions of the State

	1867. Tons,	1868. Tons,	Dec.
SCHUYKILL REGION. By Reading R. R. By Schnylkill Canal. By Mahonoy and Lehigh. From Pinegrove.	3,099,580 1,099,285 435,608 27,962	465,101	21,843 49,667 25,723 4,963
and the same of the same		a 4,606,807	24334
Less Shamokin and Lacka- wanna	263,565	192,451	70,114
Totals	4,104,820	4,414,856	79,536
Ry Lehigh V. R. R	1,006,604	2,358,532 989,947 585,750	310,147 16,657 535,750
	2,954,989	3,784,929	7777
Less Wyoming and Schuylkill Coal	892,543	1,276,647	*384,104
at 1.74	9 7459 446	9 507 500	445 196

The second secon	2,954,989	3,784,229	****
Less Wyoming and Schuylkill Coal	890,548	1,276,647	*384,104
Totals	2,062,446	2,507,582	445,136
Wyoming Canal S North Branch N Peon. Coal Company Scranton, North Do, South Del. and Hudson Company Lack and Bloom. By Lehigh	369,099 82,688 861,730 515,657 1,203,664 1,422,299 420,310 482,985	340,490 89,152 953,856 610,721 1,118,064 1,611,113 456,102 811,316	28,609 6,454 92,125 95,064 96,600 188,884 35,792 058,381
Totals		492,965	6,568
Grand total of Anthracite Region Semi-Anthracite Bituminous Imported Bituminous	1,193,812	113,405,016 710,052 1,331,043 402,359	137,937
Grand totals The supply of Anthraciand the gain as compared	te sent te	, were as	in 1868, follows:
Wyoming and Lackawanna Schuylkili Lehigh		4,414,356	692,491 79,586 445,186

492,265 6,568 .13,405,016 1,193,783 Totals.

Of the 79,536 tons increase from Schuyikili 25,733

tons was an increase on the Mahanoy and Lehigh

road, leaving the increase via the Schuyikili Valley

only 53,812 tons.

To show the course of the trade and the supply

from different regions, we sun reference:—	lom the 10	llowing for
Schoutkill.	Wyoming.	Lehigh.
1960	2,041,817	1,891,774
1861	B,055,140	1,738,377
1801	3,145,770	1,351,054
18622,890,508	3,759,610	1,894,713
1863	2,960,836	2.054,669
1864	3,256,658	
1865 3,785,802		1,899,635
4.000,901	4,788,616	2,128,867
10A7	5,325,822	2,062,446
1968	5,090,813	2,507,582
1800 the Cohnellell region	was 328,699	tons aboud

of the Wyoming and Lackawanna regions. It has fallen 1,576,467 tons behind in a period of nine years, for the want of a more direct route to the principal

The following table presents a comparative esti-gate of the total resources of the several regions in

the Anthracite coal	Airen in	Cont Thick-	No. of
Regions.	Square Miles.	ness in feet.	Acres.
Schuylkill regions.		100 50	115,200
Lehigh regions	5000000 Msk	70	32,000
Shamokin region	100	60	64,790
Lackawanna regio: Wyoming region	78	109	62,720

A DRINKING FOUNTAIN IN FRONT OF THE STATE House.—A very handsome drinking fountain, for the ase of man and beast, is now being erected on Chesnut street, in front of the State House. It will be omposed of granite, and will be similar in appearance to the one recently erected on Walnut street, opposite Seventh street. This fountain is another of a number that will be erected in different parts of the city by the Philadelphia Drinking Fountain Society, of which Dr. Wilson C. Swann is President.

TILL TAPPERS.-James Wood and William Carter (colored) were held by Alderman Carpenter for trial on the charge of tapping the till of a store on Sixth street below Lombard of about \$15,

SOUTHERN SHIPPING.

The Philadelphia and Southern Mail Steamship Company—Annual Meeting of the Stockhelders To-day.

At noon to-day the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Philadelphia and Southern Mail Steamship Company was held in the Board of Trade Rooms, Fifth and Chesnut streets. The attendance was quite full, and much interest was evinced in the proceedings.

the proceedings.

The meeting organized by the calling of James C.

Hand to the chair and the selection of Charles S.

Hand to the countries the social by the Secretary,
The annual report was then read by the Secretary,
of which the following is an abstract:
The steamers of the company have performed the wing service:— the Ploneer, on the Wilmington line, has made

twenty-four round voyages.
On the Savannah line, the Wyoming has made twenty-four and the Tonawarda eighteen round

on the New Orleans and Havana line the Juniata has made ten, the Star of the Union six, and the Yazoo one round voyage.

The business of the company for the year has shown an important increase in the amount of mer-chandise transported over the several lines of the company, but the rates of freight throughout the year have been so low that the year's business has not yielded the profits its amount should warrant.

The managers have to report the loss of the company's steamer Star of the Union, near Hahia Honda. The ship was a total loss, but was insured for \$89,000.

The result of the business of the current year, as compared with the preceding is as follows:

Showing a difference in favor of this year, \$78,046-49 The financial condition of the company is as fol-

Bills payable Due on open bank accounts. Due to captains for victualing ships Due to Agents	\$77,580*21 25,994*98 4,587*49 257*15
AVAILABLE ASSETS. Due the Company on open book accounts Railroad Bonds. Due from Agents. Due from Captains. Cash on hand.	\$108,871*78 \$42,001*30 15,000*00 2,273*38 249*04 8,503*10
Showing an excess of current liabilities over available assets of	\$65,026'82 40,344'96 674,965'19
Total liabilities.	\$715,310·15

Among the unavailable assets are the five steamers of the company, costing \$460,066.06, which are valued at \$475,000. The Board of Managers believe that the permanent property of the enterprise requires an addition of at least \$100,000 more capital, and for this purpose they procured the supplement to the charter of the company (found below). The foregoing report was approved and ordered to

e printed.
The subject of accepting the following supplement to the charter of the company was then considered:

A Supplement to an act entitled An Act to incorporate the Philadelphia and Southern Mail Steamship

Company.

Section 1. Be it enacted, etc., That the par value of each share of the capital stock of the Philadelphia and Southern Mail Steamship Company, heretofore paid into the said company, and issued or subscribed for, shall be reduced from the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars, as provided in the act to which this is a supplement, to the sum of one hun dred and twenty-live dollars, and that each and every share of stock hereafter subscribed issued by the said company, shall be of the like parvalue, one hundred and twenty-five dollars; so that the capital stock of said company, when fully said scribed for and issued, shall consist of six thou-sand shares of the par value of one hundred and twenty-five dollars each: Provided, that this secthen of this act shall only go into effect and become operative when the same shall have been accepted at a meeting of the present stockholders of said company, called after one week's notice published in two daily newspapers of the city of Philadelphia.

Section 2. That from and after the passage of this section 3. That from and after the passage of this section 3. act, all dividends shall be declared out of the profits of the company upon the reduced capital stock of the company, estimating each share at one hundre and twenty-five dollars, and that no dividend so de clared shall be held or construed to impair the capi tal stock of said company within the meaning of the 4th section of the act to which this is a supple-ment: Provided, such dividends shall not impair the value of the capital below the reduced value of one

hundred and twenty-five dollars per share. Section 2. That the Directors of the said company are hereby authorized to borrow, on the credit of the said company, a sum of money not exceeding two hundred thousand dollars, at a rate of interest not exceeding eight per cent. per annum, and to issue the bonds of the company in such amounts, and payable at such times, as they shall deem convenient to be secured by a mortgage or mortgages of the property of the said company.

Mr. Lemuel Coffin offered the following resolu-Resolved, That the supplement to the charter of the Philadelphia and Southern Mail Steamship Com-pany, approved April 16, 1869, be and is hereby accepted by the stockholders.

recepted by the stockholders.

Resolved, That, under the authority given by the supplement to the charter of this company, the par ralue of the capital stock of the Philadelphia and southern Mail Steamship Company be and is hereby reduced from \$250 per share to \$125 per share. Resolved, That the Board of Directors be and hereby re instructed to take such measures as shall in their adgment be best adapted to procure an addition of 00,000 to the capital stock of the company.

The preceding resolutions were adopted.

The meeting then adjourned.

After the adjournment the stockholders went into be annual election of officers.

The following was the result:—Directors—Messrs.

Fianagan, Henry Winser, Winfield S. Russell, ichard Wood. William Massey George N. Allentichard Wood. Wood, William Massey, George N. Allen,

Perkins, Jr. PENNSYLVANIA HOSPITAL .- At the one hundred and nineteenth annual meting of the contributors to the Pennsylvania Hospital, held on Monday last, the

following officers were elected for the ensuing year:—
Managers—Mordecai L. Dawson, John Farnum,
William Biddle, Alex. J. Derbyshire, Samuel Mason,
S. Morris Wain, Samuel Weish, Wistar Morris, Jacob
P. Jones, Benjamin H. Shoemaker, Alexander Biddle,

and Joseph B. Townsend. Treasurer—John T. Lewis.
The Board was organized by the unanimous reelection of Mordecal L. Dawson as President and

election of Mordecal L. Dawson as President and Wistar Morris as Secretary.

The Board then proceeded to the appointment of officers of the Hospital for the Sick and Insane, and the following persons were duly elected:—
Hospital on Pine Sweet.—Steward—William G. Malin; Matron—Mary D. Sharpless; Clerk and Librarian—Alexander D. Stockton; Apothecary—Dr. John Conrad; Physicians—J. Forsyth Meigs, M. D., Jacob M. Da Costa, M. D., James H. Hutchinson, M. D., J. Aitken Meigs, M. D.; Surgeons—Addinell Hewson, M. D., William Hunt, M. D., Thomas G. Morton, M. D., D. Hayes Agnew, M. D.; Pathologist and Curator—William Pepper, M. D.; Microscopist—Joseph G. Richardson, M. D.

Hospital for the Insane.—Physician and Superin-

Joseph G. Richardson, M. D.

Hospital for the Insane, —Physician and Superintendent—Thomas S. Kirkbride, M. D. Department for Males,—First Assistant Physician—S. Preston Jones, M. D.; Second Assistant Physician—J. Roe Bradnor, M. D.; Steward—Joshua P. Edge; Matron—Harriet P. Smith, Department for Females.—Assistant Physician—William P. Moon, M. D.; Steward—Jonathan Richards.

Death of United States Marshal John Ely.—General John Ely, the newly appointed United States Marshal for the Eastern District, died last night at his residence, No. 727 Pine street, of suffocation caused by bleeding of the lungs. The deceased about 16 o'clock went out with a party of ladies and partook of some ice cream. On arriving at the house a niece of the General's stepped up the steps and said, "Uncle, you can't jump up three steps." He did so, and on landing on the upper step said he felt badly. He immediately repaired to his room, where he died shortly afterwards. It is supposed that in the effort to jump he ruptured a blood-vessel.

The deceased was about lifty-five years of age, and married. He had just moved into the city from Bucks county, where he was born. He served with considerable distinction in the Rebellion, during which he rose from the rank of major to that of colonel and brevet major-general. He entered the service as Major of the 22d Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers, and was rapidly promoted to the leguenal coloneley and to coloneley of the regiment DEATH OF UNITED STATES MARSHAL JOHN ELY.

service as Major of the 23d Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers, and was rapidly promoted to the lieuenant-colonelcy and colonelcy of the regiment. Subsequently, for meritorious services, he was prevetted brigadier and major-general. He was Provost Marshal-General of New Jersey, and also filled the same position in West Virginia. Later he was designated Superintendent of the Freedmen's Bureau of Kentucky, in which capacity he served until the disbandment of that department. At the battle of Fair Oaks, May 31, 1862, he showed considerable gallantry, and while leading his regiment was wounded in the leg, which was subsequently amputated. The duties of his office will devolve upon his deputy, Albert P. Schurz, until a successor is appointed. Albert P. Schurz, until a successor is appointed.

MAD Dogs Shot. — Policeman Bargin, of the Eighteenth Police district, yesterday shot a mad dog on Tilton street, near Cumberland.

Policeman McDonough also despatched a mad dog this morning at Fifth and Gaskill streets.

AN OWNER WANTED.—On Monday evening a hand-some gold sleeve button, with the initials E. M. B., was picked up on the Academy of Music pavement. An owner is wanted at the Fifth District Station.

CUSTOM HOUSE APPOINTMENTS.—The following additional appointments in the Custom House have been made by Collector Moore, and received the approval of the Treasury Department at Washington:—

Gangers—William Wallace and B. A. Howell.
Beamsmen—William T. Pierce, David Ball, J. G.
Mitton, Joseph H. Russell, William H. Campell, and
J. A. Hutton.

I. A. Hutton.

Night Watchman—Thomas C. Spackman.

Messenger—Daniel W. Bussinger.

Porter—Thomas S. Faust, colored.

The appointment from the colored portion of the community is that of a man who served in the army

for three years.

It is understood that Collector Moore's appointments are now complete.

General Baxter, the Naval Officer, has, with the approval of the Treasury Department, removed J. Morris Welsh as a clerk in his office, and appointed George P. Kern to fill the vacancy.

HEARINGS AT THE CENTRAL STATION, -Henry Wil-

HEARINGS AT THE CENTRAL STATION,—Henry Wilson was arrested this morning in the third story of dwelling No. 199 N. Seventh street, while going through the trunk of John Sneethen, who occupied the house. The accused was at the Central this afternoon, and, after a hearing, was held for trial by Alderman Becker.

William and Margaret Wilson, an elderly couple, were taken into custody this morning by Detective Miller, at Eighth and Arch streets. The detective had first seen them at Second and Chesnut streets, and, not liking their movements, followed them up Second to Arch and slong Arch to Eighth street. On the way the parties stopped in the stores of Troth & the way the parties stopped in the stores of Troth & Nell, Nos. 16 and 18 N. Second street; R. P. McCall, No. 72 N. Second street, and Foulke & Atkinson, No. 516 Arch street. At McCall's the man stole packages of tea and chocolate. On being searched at the Central these articles were found on them, and from the woman was taken a "iff" skit. The magistrate committed them in default of \$1000 ball.

POLICE APPOINTMENTS.—The following appointments have been made by Mayor Fox since our issue of yesterday:—Jacob Sheller, James Nicholson, and John Degan, Seventeenth district; John McLaughiln, John Feeney, and Patrick Ring, Third district; Joseph Laybold, Eleventh district; William Nugent, Second district; Jacob Klahr and Irvine Crox, Seventh district; Charles Prendeville, Fourth district; Richard Lanely, First district; Charles McBride, Second district; Charles O'Brien, Sixth district; Wartin McLaughlin, Fourth district; Walles McBride, Second district; Charles O'Brien, Sixth dis-trict; Martin McLaughlin, Fourth district; William H. Jones, Eleventh district; James Gorman, Joseph Urian, Michael Donovan, George Matsinger, William Force, and James Thomas, Sixteenth district; John Trexler, Eleventh district; and Joseph Krupp,

MILITARY.—The various brigades composing the First Division P. M. have been disbanded, with a view of rearranging the various brigades, which will First Brigade.—National Guards, City Troop, Washington Greys, and Keystone Battery.

Second Brigade.—Fritz Zouaves and Grey Reserves.

Third Brigade.—Baxter's Fire Zouaves, Philadelphia City Guards, and Brady's Battery.
Fourth Brigade—Colonel Thomas' Regiment, Veteran 69th Regiment, and all new organizations now being formed

THE PENNSYLVANIA CANAL COMPANY .- The Pennsylvania Canal Company, as recently reorganized, operates the 360 miles of canal in the Susquehanna valley, which, till this year, were divided between the Pennsylvania Canal, the West Branch and Susquehanna Canal, and the Wyoming Valley Canal. The aggregate receipts of 1869 to April 3

were \$47,900*79
During same period in 1868 4,319*53 Increase in 1869......\$43,581-26

Robberges.—The residence of George Fox, No. 424 Norris street, was broken into on Monday night, and robbed of \$47. An entrance was effected by prying open a rear window.

Thieves entered the house of George Sink, on Seventh street, below Oxford, on Monday night, and stole an overcoat and a pair of gaiters.

SUSPECTED OF LARCENY,—Mary Price and Rose Cogley were arrested at Sixth and South streets last evening, with a garden hose in their possession of which they could give no account. Alderman Bel-shaw held them for a further hearing. In the mean-time the hose is at the Fifth District Station, await-THE YEARLY MEETING OF FRIENDS .- We under

stand that the Pennsylvania Railroad Company has made arrangements to return, free of charge, such Friends as may purchase tickets over their road for the purpose of attending the Yearly Meeting of Friends, to be held in this city next week. UNINTENTIONAL .- In the extended notice of Clark

& Biddle's new store, No. 1124 Chesnut street, which appeared in The Telegraph a few days since, the name of T, W. Richards was inadvertently omitted. gentleman was the architect of this tastefu and beautiful edifice. MORE LIGHT ON DELAWARE AVENUE. - Ellen

McLaughlin was prevented from walking into the Delaware last evening, at Dock street, by Policeman Denard; and Hiram Clark was stopped on the whar at Chesnut street, by Policeman Westcott.

CUBA.

Departure of Americans to Aid the Insurrec tionists -Oue Thousand Men Fully Armed and Equipped-The Steamer in Fighting Trim-One Thousand Stand of Arms and 60,000 Pounds of Ammunition-How the Expedition Was Originated.

The New York World of this morning publishes a two column and a half article containing all the details of the fitting out and departure of a steamer laden with men and arms to aid the Cuban revolutionists. It says :-

BEFORE EMBARKING. Last night, up to a late hour, the whisky shops on the west side of the city, along West, Washington, Greenwich, Canal, Hudson, and Varick streets, in Spring and Charlton, and all along from the Batspring and charlon, and an along from the Battery up the terminus of the Eighth ward, were filled with an overflow of noisy, rough-looking customers. These fellows all had puckages, bundles of stockings, old jackets, paper parcels, valises, and, in many cases, knapsacks that had seen service in our civil war. These men were rather noisy, and seemed to have a fair supplies of money to spend as if their supplies were furof money to spend, as if their supplies were fur-nished by a generous hand. They had all on their person, revolvers, dirks, double-barrelled pistols, and in not a few instances (this is an actual fact and in not a few instances (this is an actual fact) rifles and muskets of improved pattern. Whenever they became so noisy, this swarm of flibusters, who ate and drank and joked and played dominoes, small-framed, dark-eyed looking fellows, evidently in some authority, would slip in, say something about the police, and the hurrah-talk would stop. At eleven o'clock the whisky shops were sudently deserted, and the crowds of balf-armed fillently deserted, and the crowds of balf-armed fillently deserted. denly deserted, and the crowds of half-armed fill-busters began to turn out in seeming obedience to some sudden call. What was this call; and who were these men? We shall see.

THE STEAMER. On Saturday last the steamship Arago, Captain Hilton, cleared from the Custom House for St. Thomas, under Peruvian colors. The old Arago is known to nearly every New Yorker. How many thousands of our citizens have crossed the Atlantic in her to Havre and back in her old days! And, later, who does not remember her as a gallant ship-of-war, carrying the English States, thay at her foreof-war, carrying the United States flag at her fore-peak, and doing vigitant duty in the Southern blockading squadron? Well, since then the Argo has seen strange vicissitudes, and undergone many changes. She was cleared on Saturday for St. Thomas, but until yesterday morning she was lying inside of Sandy Hook, flying American and Peruvian colors. This would seem strange, that a returnan colors. This would seem strange, that a vessel should remain there so long, her clearance papers being correct. But there was an excuse. There was a want of fine weather. It was all right and proper that she should clear for St. Thomas and wait for fine weather as long as her master saw fit to do so. But the sequel will show why the Arago waited so long for fair weather.

THE EMBARKATION OF THE EXPEDITION. This last batch of Cuban recruits, numbering nine hundred men, were under the command of General Guiccerrea, whose father was with Lopez in the unfortunate expedition to Cardenas in 1851. The general commanding the expedition of the Arago is from St. Themes, and has been fighting under Cesfrom St. Themes, and has been fighting under Cespedes and Quesada. The men selected, or rather accepted, in the different Cuban drill-rooms were principally young Americans and Irishmen of good fighting stock and adventurous spirit, with here and there a sprinkling of Germans, who are supposed to be experts in drilling practice. There was also a sprinkling of Poles and Frenchmen, as there is always in any venturesome affair that promises fighting and the spolia opėma. The officers were, as a general thing, in the regular ranks, Cubans, who seemed to be very flush and liberal with their greenqueks and gold pieces.

THE MEN TRANSPORTED BY TUGS THE MEN TRANSPORTED BY TUGS.

Two tugs, the Yankee and Philip, had been hired to transport the men on board of the Arago. Several of the men went on board with their rifles on their shoulders. The tugs moved about so as not to excite suspicion from the watchful authorities, and the place of embarkation was changed haif a dozen times. All this time the Arago was lying below in the bay waiting for the men. Many of them were taken from Richmond county and different parts of the lower end of Staten Island, and put on board of the Arago. The majority of the men lounged about Christopher street, and a number went on board of the Philip at the foot of Spring street. The most flagrant thing, however, was the eating of most flagrant thing, however, was the cating of

dinner by two hundred of these haif-armed and half-uniformed filibusters at a public hotel, corner of West and Christopher streets. Even this did not seem to excite the suspicion of the authorities,

however. THE ARMS AND AMMUNITION Sixty thousand rounds of ammunition, several pieces of light artillery, a large quantity of small arms, a hundred breech loaders, a large quantity of uniforms, and a small quantity of medical stores had been placed on board the Arago, ready for sailing. One officer was seen with a huge pile of greenbacks, distributing them equally among the men, and cheering them up in other ways.

GERMAN EMIGRANTS AMONG THE RECRUITS. The first appearance of the Cuban recruits in force esterday was about 2 o'clock in the afternoon, when vesterday was about 2 o'clock in the alternoon, when a crowd of about one hundred, mostly Germans, went up West street and stopped at the foot of Christopher, where they asked Officer Westerfield, who was on post, to be directed to Pier 5a. The officer told them that it was the second pier above, and then men only went as far as the first pier above, and then returned and waited for some length of time at the men only went as far as the first pier above, and then returned, and waited for some length of time at the Christopher Street Ferry. Most of these men appeared to be emigrants from Germany, fresh from Castle Garden. They strolled up and down the street while waiting, carrying all sorts of packages of clothing, etc., in their hands. They were under a leader, who seemed to be in a quandary, not knowing which way to take his men. He finally went back to Officer Westerfield and inquired for a telegraph office, and being shown to one, he sent a despatch to Jersee City. On receiving an answer, the men went Jersey City. On receiving an answer, the men wendown West street and crossed the lerry to Jersey City. The leader, who was apparently an American army officer, was extremely reffect, though the men expressed more willingness to talk, as much as they were able. One of them, who was asked in German where they were going to, replied that they were going out to work on a railroad in Pennsyl-

THE COMMANDING GENERAL-FINAL DEPARTURE OF THE TROOPS-SCENES AT THE DOCK. It appears that Pier 43, North river, was the designated for the principal companies to meet and take their departure, though the Yankee left from a point farther up the river, and other com-panies were brought from the Jersey and Staten Island shores. At 3 o'clock P. M. the officer having Island shores. At 3 o'clock P. M. the 'officer having general command of the expedition made his appearance on the dock at Pier 43, and immediately a scene of bustle and confusion ensued. The commanding officer was at once recognized by the agent of the North American Steamship Company as General Guiccerrea, and both advanced and shook hands. Owing to the delay the officers became anxious, and feared that the authorities would overhaul them before they could get affeat. There were between 200 hundred and 300 affoat. There were between 200 hundred and 300 men at this dock, walting to be transported to the ship which was to convey them to their destination. The men were Germans, Irishmen, Cubans, and Americans. They passed the time by strolling around the dock, some of them carrying muskets, and all of them armed with revolvers, knives, etc. During this delay several of the men, becoming faint-hearted, skulked away, and, it is alleged, described.

THEY ARE OFF! At precisely 5 o'clock P. M. the little steamer Phili ran quietly up to the dock, and in a very short tim the patriots had taken farewell of a few who were left behind, and embarked. The tug then immediately steamed down the bay, and up to 6½ o'clock did not return. It was expected that she would see all the men safely embarked, and conduct the Arago over the bar before leaving her. The Arago then, having been kept under full head of steam, and everything in readiness for a quick voyage, would put to sea as rapidly as possible.

THE COMMANDER was a tall, active man, recently connected with the United States army. He was quite free in conversing with those around him, and without hesitation stated that the number of men that would go by this expedition was about 900. He also said that the men would be supplied with uniforms when they got on board. There were 1800 stand of arms on the vessel, 60,000 rounds of ammunition, several cannon, shot, and other munitions of war. He would not reveal his name, or that of any of his officers and men.

THE ENGLISH PRESS REGARDING THE DESIGNS OF AMERICA ON CUBA. The London Morning Post of the 22d ultimo obrelease.—
The West Indies, with the exception of Hayti which is independent, pertain to several European powers—to Great Britain, France, Spain, and the Netherlands, and one of the Islands (St. Bartholomew) belongs to Sweden. It is quite apparent, therefore, that a blow struck by the United States at

one of the group would practically be struck at all, and it would be no unreasonable presumption that if Cuba was wrested from Spain, Jamaica might in turn be taken from England and Martinique from France. The question, therefore, of a possible combination presents itself. But whatever community of interest has existed between Great Fritain and France in dealing with between Great Britain and France in dealing with European affairs, Spain, although geographically a Western Power, has for a variety of reasons long been thrown out of account. It is impossible (the on the American continent or to the obvious bent of American policy. The recent acquisition of the Danish possessions in the West Indies, and the purchase of the profitless and barren territory which ertained to Russia in Northwestern America, are vidences of a desire on the part of the United States

to acquire piecemeal all possessions on the mainland or adjoining it which belong to European powers. The only matter in doubt is whether, when the American Government is unable to induce a sale, it will endeavor to effect an annexation. That, if such should be the designs of the President and his advisers, they should begin with the Spanish possessions is natural enough. Spain is the weakest of the three powers holding substantial possessions in the West Indies, and peculiar circumstances furnish something like a pretext for the appropriation of Cuba. Where pretexts are desired, however, pre-texts are easily found, and it may be for France and Great Britain to determine whether, in the event of these designs on Cuba being carried into execution, they will aid Spain in retaining her colony or calmi-

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

Court of Quarter Sessions-Allison, P. J. Prison cases were before the Court to-day. Scipio Price and William Bundy (colored) pleaded guilty to the charge of larceny. They entered a gen-tleman's residence in the evening, while the family were at church, and stole several articles of clothing and a gold bracelet. The goods were traced to a pawnbroker's establishment, and thence to the prisoners. All the witnesses necessary for the estabishment of these facts were present except the pawnbroker, the absence of whom from Court on such occasions is a remarkable incident to these trials. The prisoners were also convicted by the jury

of a similar charge.

Ann Kelly pleaded guilty to a charge of the larceny of a roll of cassimere, having been caught in the act of taking it from a store. of taking it from a store.

Thomas Lindsey was put upon trial charged with assault and battery with intent to steal. The case disclosed as nice a piece of detective shrewdness in two young ladies as can be boasted by most of those whose sole business it is to watch and battle thieves. On the day of the Odd Fellows' parade these ladies

on the day of the total features parase these fadies were standing at Twelfth and Chesnut streets, and observed the prisoner's hand emerge from the skirt of his coat into the pocket of an old lady in front of him, and then back into his own pocket, and he massed on passed on.

They informed the old lady of what had happened. and she told them that he had missed the pocket, for she had a sum of money elsewhere on her person. The young ladies resolved to expose this man it possible, and followed him down Chesnut to Ninth street, where he stopped for a few minutes at the Continental Hotel; but they waited until he came out, and walked in his wake to Eighth street,

There he took his stand, and began his operations in another lady's pocket, without success, however, The ladies at once informed Detective Gordon, who was near by, and he took the prisoner into custody District Court, No. 1-Judge Thayer. Chapin & Brother vs. Scholleid. An action to re-cover for machinery sold and delivered to defendant for use in his mill. The defense alleged that the machinery was furnished for the purpose of feeding to other machinery, and upon trial was found to be totally incompetent. On trial.

District Court, No. 2-Judge Stroud. Samuel G. Rogers, vs. Abraham W. Morton. An action on a book account to recover for goods sold and delivered. No defense. Verdict for plaintiff, Davis & Co. vs. F. Gabylewitz. An action to recover for lumber sold and delivered. The defense denied the receipt of a large part of the lumber. On

Court of Common Pleas-Judge Peirce. Carpenter vs. Carpenter. Suit in divorce. Before reported. On trial.

(For additional Deaths see Afth page.)
CLINGAN.—On the 4th instant, EDWARD GRANT, son of C. M. and M. T. Clingan, aged 14 years I month and 13 days.
The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral, from his parents' residence, No. 2017 Sprace street, on Friday afternoon. Leave the house at 4 o'clock. To proceed to Laurel Hill.

WEDDING INVITATIONS, ENGRAVED IN the newest and best manner.

LOUIS DREEA, Stationer and Engraver,

No. 1633 Chemni Street,

Transfers in the Navy-Our North Pacific Squadron.

AFFAIRS IN HARRISBURG.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph,

WASHINGTON, May 5. The Virginia Election. The President has notified General Canby to order an election to be held in Virginia, either this week, or at the beginning of next, as he may deem best. The objectionable clauses of the Constitution are to be submitted and voted upon separately, if the President deems this the best mode of obtaining an expression of popular sentiment, and he is assured that all that is essential in the Constitution will be ratified by the people.

Derpatch to the Associated Press.

The Solar Eclipse. Washington, May 5.—Professor Azaph Hall, now attached to the Naval Observatory here, has been ordered to the Pacific coast for the purpose of making observations of the eclipse of the sun on the 7th of August next. Mr. Joseph A. Rogers, a civilian employed in the Hydro graphic office, has been assigned to special duty as assistant to Professor Hall.

I The North Pacific Station. Commander W. Rogers Taylor has been or-dered to the command of the northern division of the Pacific Station, holsting his pennant on the Ossipee.

Naval Assignments. Lieutenant-Commander W. R. Bridgman ordered to the Sabine. Assistant Surgeon William A. Corwin is ordered to Boston Navy Yard. Assistant Surgeon William A. Cassin is ordered to the receiving ship Vermont. Commander B. B. Harmony is detached from the command of the Frolic and placed on waiting orders. The other officers belonging to the Frolic are also detached and generally placed on waiting orders. Masters George L. Converse and E. S. Winnery, of that ship, are ordered to this city for examination for promotion. Lieutenant-Commander Theodore F. Jewell is detached from the Hydrographic Office, and ordered to the Sabine. Sur-geon George Peck is detached from the New York Navy Yard and ordered to the Sabine.

FROM HARRISBURG.

Decision in Favor of the Commonwealth. pecial Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. HARRISBURG, May 5 .- This morning, before Judge Pearson, in the Common Pleas of Dauphin county, was tried the case of the Commonwealth vs. Atlantic and Ohio Telegraph Company. The question was on the liability of the Western Union Telegraph Company, as lessees of the Atlantic and Ohio, for taxes due the State on the dividends of the latter and on its net earnings. The accounts were from 1864 to 1867. After a lengthy charge from the Court, the jury rendered a verdict for the Commonwealth. amounting in the aggregate to over twenty-two thousand dollars. Lewis Waln Smith, Deputy Attorney-General, for the Commonwealth.

companies. Steamer Disabled.

David Fleming, Esq., of Harrisburg, for the

SAVANNAH, May 5.—The steamer Liberty, from Baltimore for New Orleans, via Hayana, ost her propeller in latitude 30, longitude 80, and put into the Tybee. She is awaiting the arrival of the steamer Cuba to tow her to Norfolk for repairs.

Latest Markets by Telegraph. NEW YORK, May 5 .- Cotton quiet and unchanged sales of 300 bales. Flour is without decided change and there is less doing. Wheat dull and declined ! Sc.; No.1 spring,\$1:55 delivered, No. 2,\$1:48 in store white California, \$1 70. Corn dull and not so firm sales of 14 000; new mixed Western at 92@94 vc.; old 93 in store. Oats quiet; Western 76c, bid and 76 cc. asked for lots in store. Beef quiet and unchanged. Pork steady; new mess, \$51 186 31 25; prime, \$25 75 6

Pork steady; new mess, \$5: 136:51-25; prime, \$25*15:62 26-25. Lard steady; steam, in tierce, 18:2184. Whisky quiet; Western, 97:698c.

Baltimore, May 5.—Cotton quiet and weak at 28. Flour fairly active, and unchanged; receipts small. Corn firm, and in fair demand; prime white, \$56:36; yellow, \$66:38. Oats dull at 75:6:28 for heavy, and \$66:70 for light. Rye nominal; \$1:40:61:45. Mess Pork quiet at \$21.75:62.2 Bacoquiet; rib sides, 16:4; clear do., at 17:5; shoulders, 14:46:145; hams, 26:221. Lard quiet at 19:5. Whisky firm at 26:2.

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES. Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street

BETWEEN BOARDS.

SPECIAL NOTICES. Received too late for Classification.

OFFICE OF THE LEHIGH VALLEY
RAILROAD COMPANY, No. 323 WALNUT Street.
PHILADELPHIA, May 5, 1869.
The Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company having in
their annual report presented to the public an experte
statement charging the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company
with a violation of contract, renders it necessary to asy statement charging the Lehiga Valley Railroad Company with a violation of contract, renders it necessary to say that we deny the charge in every particular, and fully believe that when it comes to be examined by the referees it will be found wholly without foundation. After their decision is made we shall not object to any publication which may be desired, but while the matter is pending we consider any such action as entirely uncalled for and increase, as it stands, however, is one claim for car rents due and unpaid by the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company.

CHARLES HARTSHORNE,

It Vice-President.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, ETC. SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

W.T. SNODGRASS & CO.,

Have just received a fresh importation of

No. 34 South SECOND Street,

Genuine Scotch Cheviots, **Elegant French Coatings** LATEST STYLES OF

Fancy Cassimeres and Vestings, FOR THEIR

RETAIL DEPARTMENT.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT FOR THE CITY AND COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA.

Estate of MARY M. HOFFNER, deceased.

The Auditor appointed by the Court to audit, settle, and adjust the account of FREDERICK C. SMITH, Administrator of Estate of MARY M. HOFFNER, deceased, and to report distribution of the balance in the hands of the accountant, will meet the parties interested, for the purpose of his appointment, on MONDAY, May 17, 1869, at I o'clock P. M., at the office of R. H. THARP, No. 22 S. THIRD Street, in the city of Philadelphia. 5 Swimbs.

WASHINGTON. HOME NEWS.

Doings on the Plains-The Savages Disaffected-Troubles with Government Agents.

FOREIGN NEWS.

FROM ST. LOUIS.

The Indians Unsettled and Dissatisfied Failure of Government Agents to Furnish Them with

St. Louis, May 5 .- The Republican learns that In-ST. LOUIS, May 6.—The Republican learns that Indian matters continue unsettled in the southern district of the Indian Territory. The warriors are disaffected by the failure of the Government agents to furnish the supplies stipulated. Tall Bull, chief of the Dog Soldiers, has already gone to the north of Arkansas river, waiting till the grass grows before commencing hostilities. Forty lodges of Arrapahoes and half of the Kiowas, under old Jatuk and Spotted Wolf, are still on Red river and the borders of Texas. and half of the Kiowas, under old Jatuk and Spotted Wolf, are still on Red river and the borders of Texas; joining their forces to about 150 lodges of Camanches, all of whom refuse peace. Vincent Collyer, the well-known philanthopist of New York city, left on the 1sth ultimo for the Navajo country, New Mexico, and is making a tour of the Indian country in the interest of the Humanitarian Society of New York.

York.

Contracts have been made to break ground for all tribes and bands now friendly. Houses are in process of erection for the chiefs, seeds and farming implements furnished, and every facility shown to those disposed to adopt the habits of civilization. The Indians are reported as slow scholars.

A Kansas City despatch says it was reported on Friday that a surveying party on the Fort Scott Railroad were attacked by an armed body of settlers, on what is known as the Jay Joy purchase, and two of the party captured, with all their equipage.

equipage.

Hon. M. O. Vass, while attempting to address a meeting of settlers at Fort Scott, was fired on by a mob and driven away. Much trouble is apprehended. FROM CANADA.

Banking Affairs—Conference of Bankers with Hon. John Rose.

OTTAWA, May 5.—A delegation of bankers had a conference with the Hon. John Rose, Financial Minister, with regard to the Government currency question. A series of resolutions were read, the purport of which was that the circulation ought to be preserved on its present basis, and the ought to be preserved on its present basis, and the bank charters ought to be renewed, with certain amendments, to give greater security to noteholders. These amendments have been agreed to by nearly all the bankers of the Dominion.

Mr. Rose said that he was not able to enter into a statement of his intentions, but would be prepared after the budget was disposed of to discuss the matter.

The bankers replied that they had no doubt they would be able to meet the views of Government, provided that they are still permitted the privilege of issuing notes as at present. Commercial Failure-Interesting Discovery. MONTREAL, May 5.—James Morrison & Co., retait dry goods dealers, failed to-day. It is estimated that the liabilities are \$125,000.

Speculation is again commencing about the election of a bishop here. Dr. Balsh's nomination is An interesting discovery connected with the early

history of Canada has just been made by Abbe-history of the Quebec Seminary. It is the site and part of the foundation of the Chapel of Notre Dame de Recouverance, built by Samuel Champlain, on his return from France in 1633.

return from France in 1633.

The Murder of Ensign Whitaker-Challoner Acquitted.

QUEBEC, May 5.—The trial for murder of H. J. Challoner, who shot Ensign Whitaker for seducing his sister, terminated last night. The jury was locked up until this morning, when they rendered a verdict of not guilty. An attempt was made by the dense crowd of persons in the court room to mark their approbation of the result, but the demonstration was quickly put down. Challoner was londly cheered outside of the Court House.

FOREIGN.

Bu Atlantic Cable.

The "Thunderer" on the Alabama Claims. LONDON, May t.—The Times of this morning contains another leading article on the Alabama treaty recently rejected by the United States Senate. The writer sharply criticizes the speech of Sumner, and concludes as follows:—The operation is one of law. ludes as follows: - "The question is one of law and not of feeling—it remains to be shown that Greet Britain can be held answerable for any infrac-tion of law or excess over the ordinary practice of both countries.

Death of a Notable Person. The Right Hon. Thomas Lerroy, late Chief Justice of the Queen's Bench in Irieland, died yesterday, aged ninety-three years,

This Evening's Market Quotations. LONDON, May 5 - Evening. - Consols for money and count, 93%. Five-twenties, 80%. Railways steady and unchanged.

PARIS, May 5-Evening.—The Bourse is quiet; Rentes, 71 97f. LIVERPOOL, May 5-Evening.—Cotton dull and unchanged. Sales to-day, soon bales. Breadstuffs dult and unchanged. Provisions dull and unchanged. Naval Stores do. LONDON, May 5-Evening. -Linseed oil, £31; Sugar

firm and unchanged.

ANTWERP, May 5.—Petroleum firm at 55\(\frac{1}{2}\)f. for standard white QUEENSTOWN, May 5.—Arrived, City of Antwerp, from New York.

FROM BOSTON.

Held for Contempt.

Boston, May 5.—Thomas Drew was before the Supreme Court to-day, on a writ of habeas corpus, and Judge Gray, after reviewing the case, said the Court was fully satisfied the Legislature had a perfect right to summon a prisoner to testify; and also, in case of his refusal, had a right to punish him for contempt. Drew, therefore, was remanded to the custody of the Sherif. The Peace Jubilee. The Executive Committee of the National Peace Jubilee have established a bureau of accommodation, for the purpose of securing to visitors good board and lodging at reasonable charges.

FROM ROCHESTER.

Visit of Governor Bullock, of Georgia. ROCHESTER, May 5.—Governor Bullock, of Georgia, who is in the city to-day, states that the next regular mominating convention and election for Governor in Georgia does not occur until 1871, and that there is no truth whatever in the paragraph concerning Georgia matters, from the special correspondence of the New York World, which has been telegraphed to

Robbery.

CHICAGO, May 5.—The jewelry store of Giles Bro-thers was robbed of \$5000 worth of diamonds yester-terday afternoon. Two men went into the store together and asked to see some spoons, and while the attention of the clerks was directed to another part of the store, the men seized the diamonds. There is no trace of the thieves.

MILWAUKEE, May 5, Steelman's livery stable was burned last night. Loss about \$10,000. WINES, ETO.

CRIPPEN & MADDOCK

Have just received their spring supply of

RHINE WINES.

STILL AND SPARKLING. These Wines are of their own importation, from the celebrated house of FEIST, BROS. & SONS. Frankfort O. M., and are pronounced VERY SUPE-

MEDICINAL LIQUORS of all descriptions, of the purest qualities, on hand. OUR W. G. FAMILY FLOUR

RIOR.

Is the finest made in the country. Always on hand, CRIPPEN & MADDOCK,

Dealers and Importers in Fine Groceries,

No. 115 S. THIRD Street,

BELOW CHESNUT.